

# Permitting Telecommunication Cables in Southeast Florida



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**Program**

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# Brief permitting history:

- FOC's 1982 through 1994; early co-axial cables and Navy cables

- Exemption or Environmental Resource

Permit? 40E-4.051(5)(a) The installation of subaqueous transmission and distribution lines laid on, or embedded in, the bottoms of wetlands or other surface waters, except in Class I and Class II waters and aquatic preserves, provided that no dredging or filling is necessary.

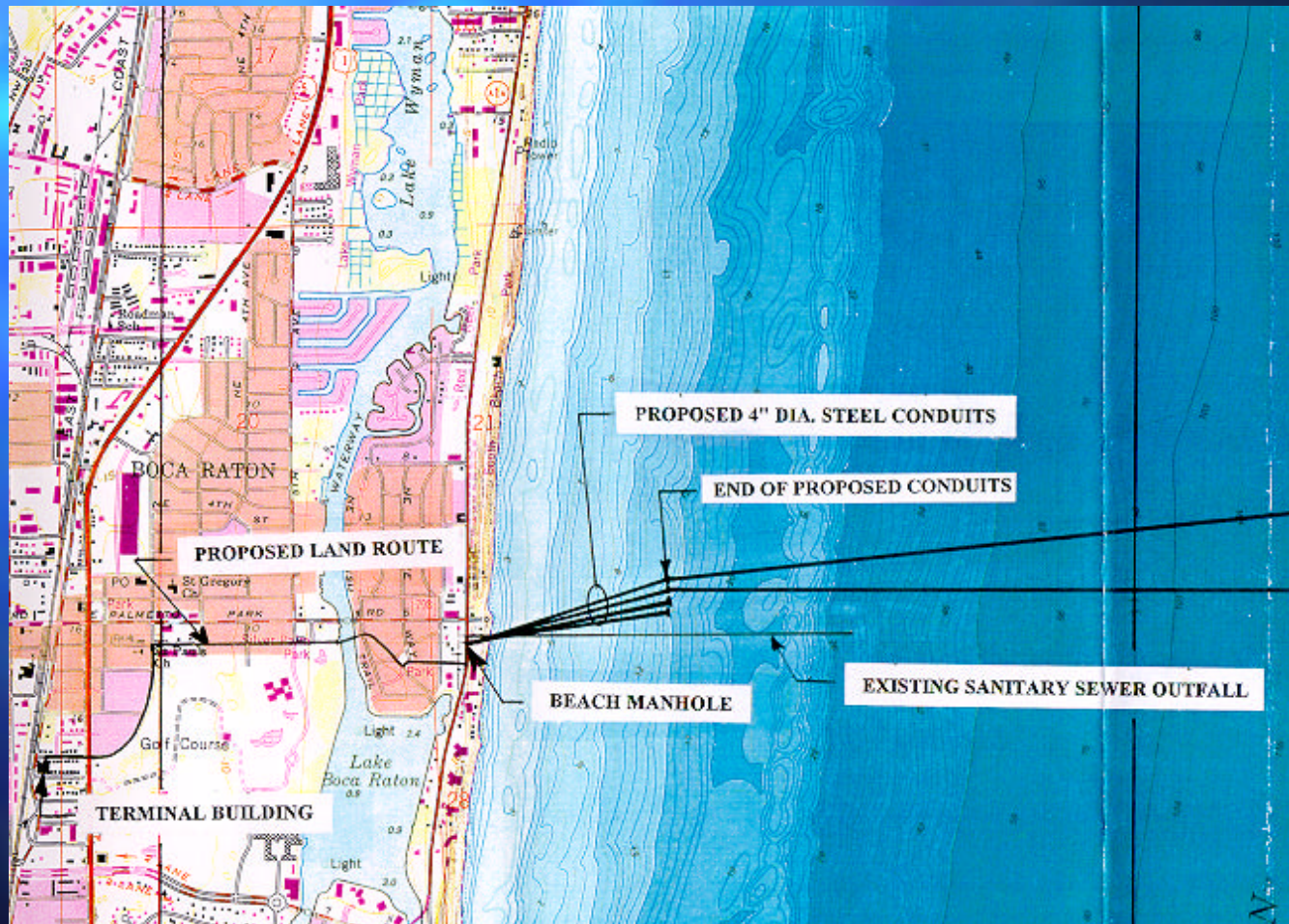
- First ERP Permit in 1998- ATT Hollywood: 9 conduits with 5 cables to date.

## Industry Growth

- Since 1998 the Department has permitted 22 conduits/12 cables for five projects.
  - AT&T, Tycom, Emergia, New World Network, Caribbean Crossings
- Current in-house applications propose 2 conduits/ 2 cables but capacity for more
  - Caribbean Crossings, Florida Teleport



# Landing Site





# Network Access Point (NAP)







# Installation- Drill Site

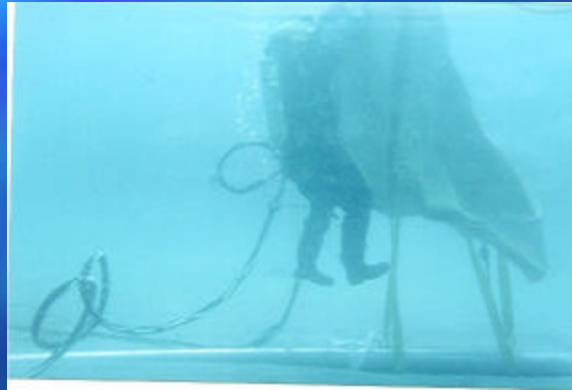




# Installation- Drill Site



# Installation- “punch out”





# Potential Environmental Impacts

## ■ Water Quality Concerns

- spoil (drill mud and sand) containment and disposal
- dewatering
- turbidity plumes at punch out points
- turbidity caused during trenching installations
- frac-outs

## ■ Reef/Hardbottom and other fauna

- coral and sponges are abraded or dislodged during installation
- turbidity plumes and frac-outs can smother corals and other filter feeders
- marine mammal entanglements
- oscillations during storm events (strumming)
- cable repairs



# Frac-outs: release of drilling lubricants.

- Forms may be mounding, burps, or uncontrolled flows
- Controls may include, increasing viscosity of bentonite or the addition of additives.



# Reported Frac-outs

- **AT&T Hollywood**-none reported by consultant
- **Tyco**- 4,331 square feet
- **Atlantica**- 1,251 square feet
- **Com-Tech**- none reported by consultant



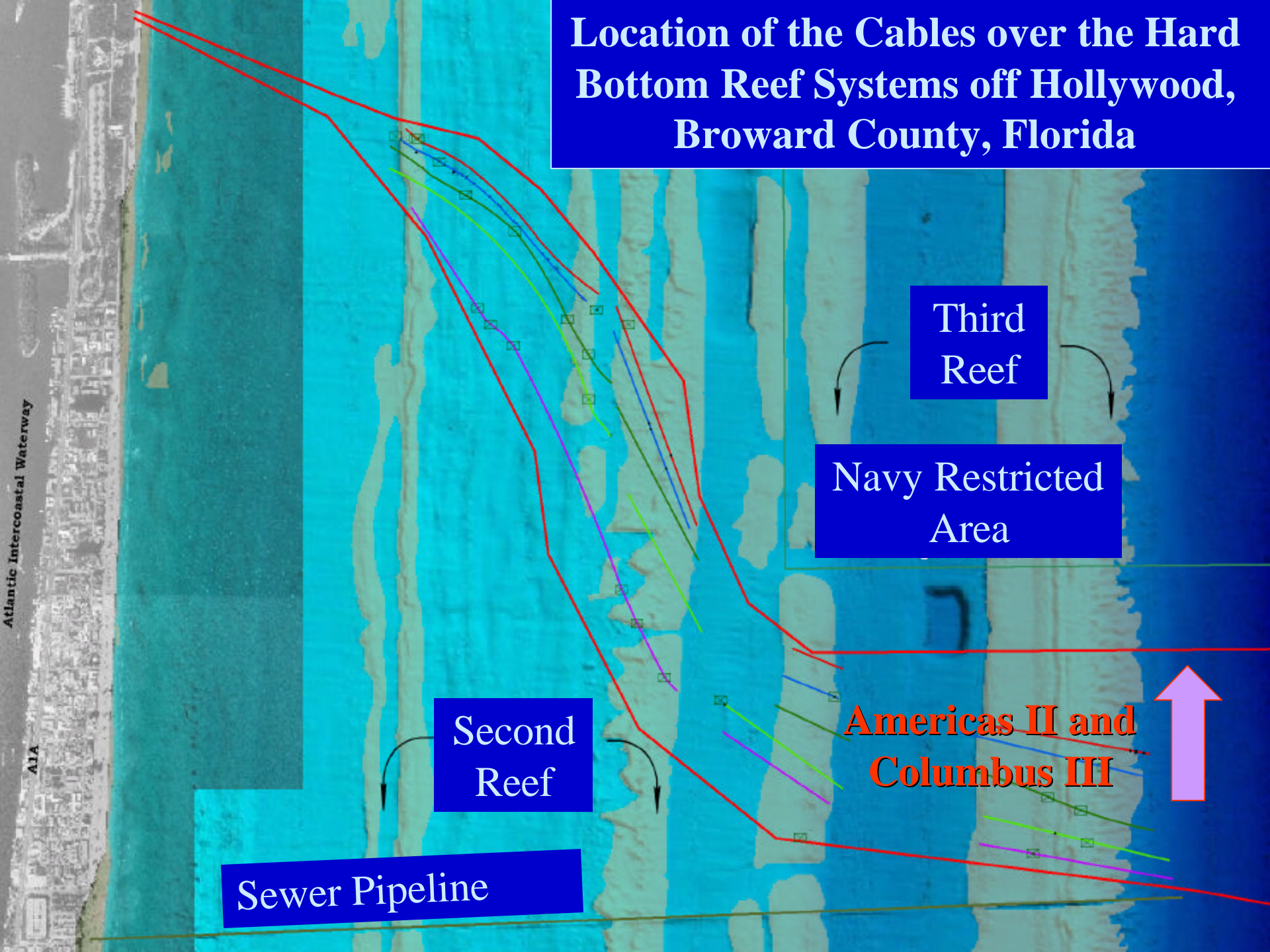
# Frac-out Monitoring and Clean-up



- New specific conditions include:
  - incorporation of fluorescent dyes
  - incorporation of side scan sonar
  - divers in water during drill process
  - conduit corridor inspection after each drill rather than at the end of project



# Location of the Cables over the Hard Bottom Reef Systems off Hollywood, Broward County, Florida



# Cable Lay Impacts





# Some Reported Impacts during cable lay (Stony Corals only)

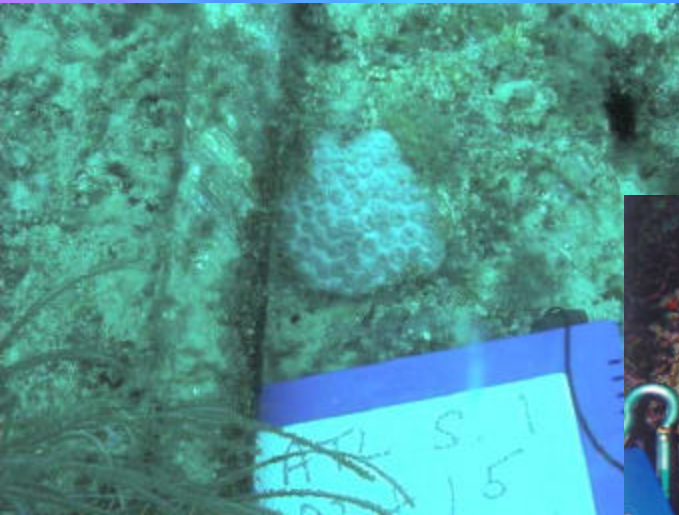
- AT&T Hollywood- 2 cables/ 26.9 ft.<sup>2</sup>
- Atlantica-2 cables/ 19.3 ft.<sup>2</sup>
- Tyco-2 cables/ 2.18 ft.<sup>2</sup>
- Com-Tech-2 cables/ 4.06 ft.<sup>2</sup>



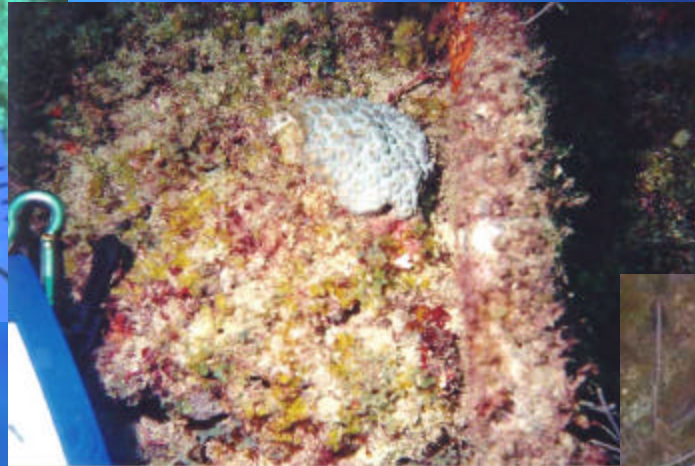
# Remediation Plans



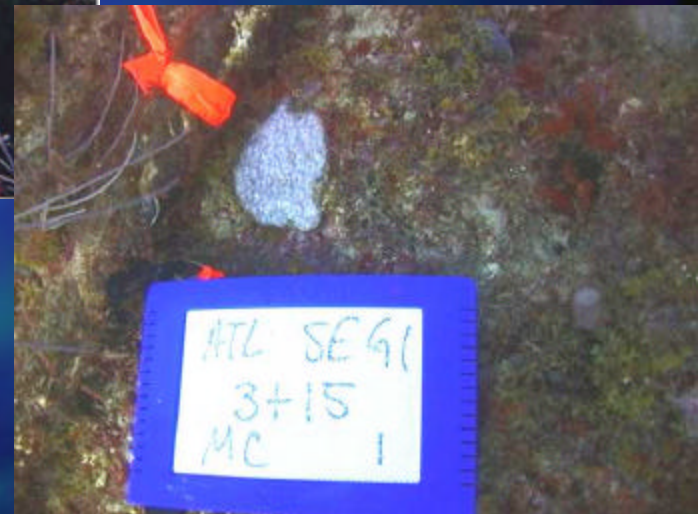
# Post Lay Monitoring



6 months



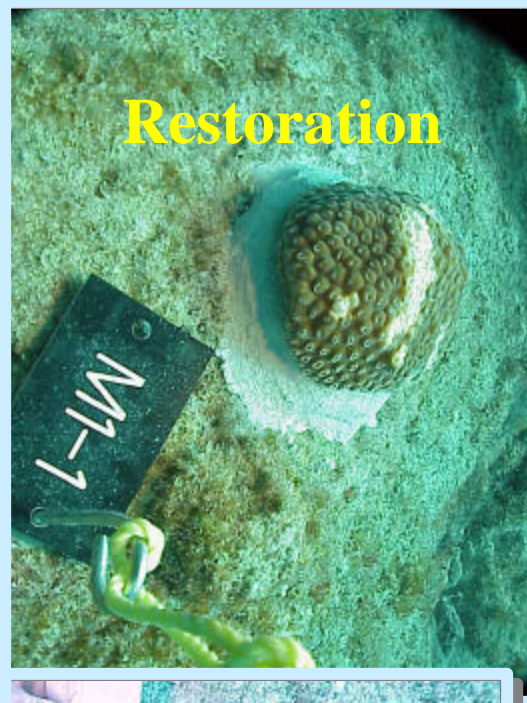
1 year



2 years

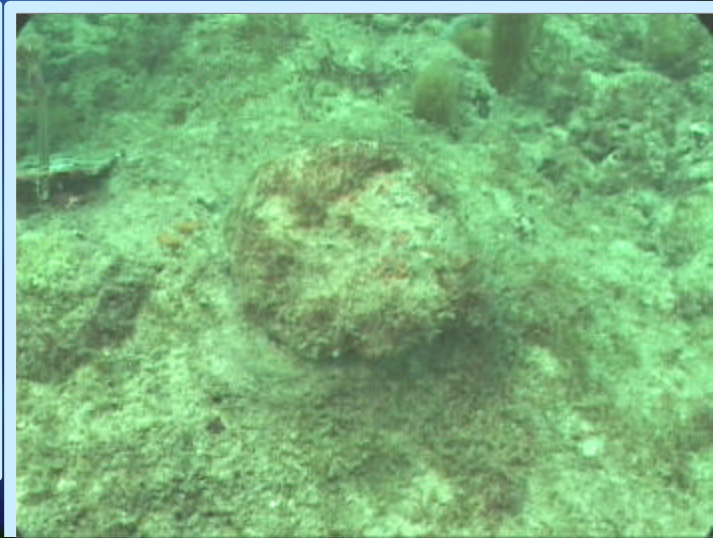


# Reattached Corals



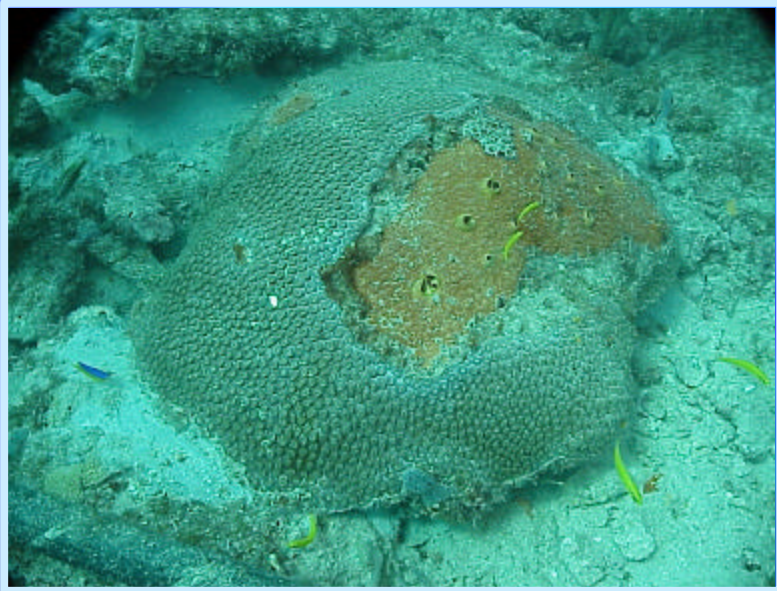
**Year Two**

**Year Three**

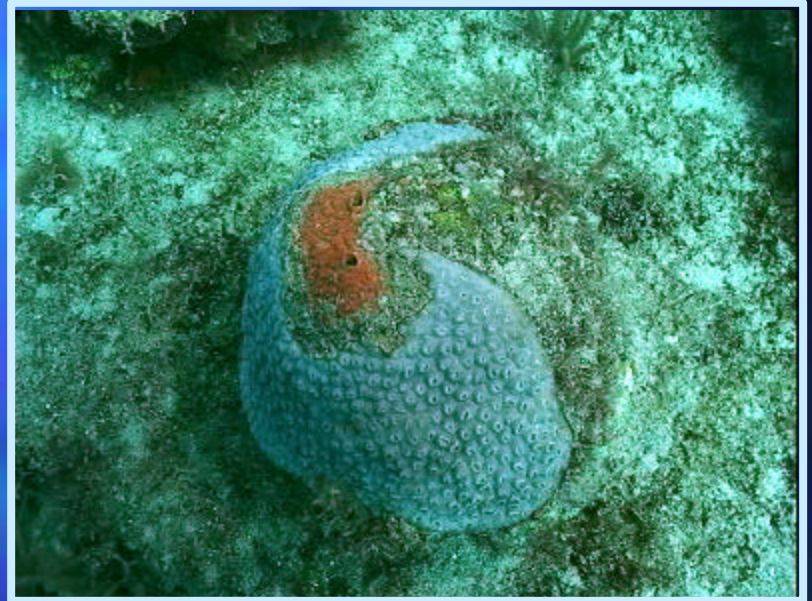




## Restoration



## Year Three



*Montastrea* colony invaded by *Cliona* at restoration  
sponge still present and colony further degraded at  
Year 3





**6 - months**

*Montastrea cavernosa*

**Year Three**

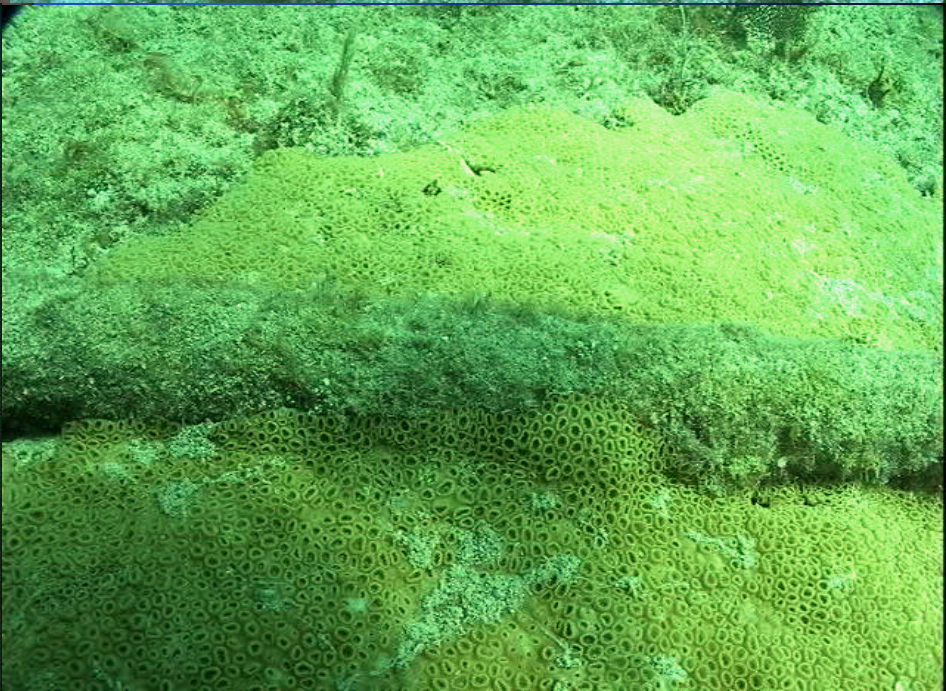




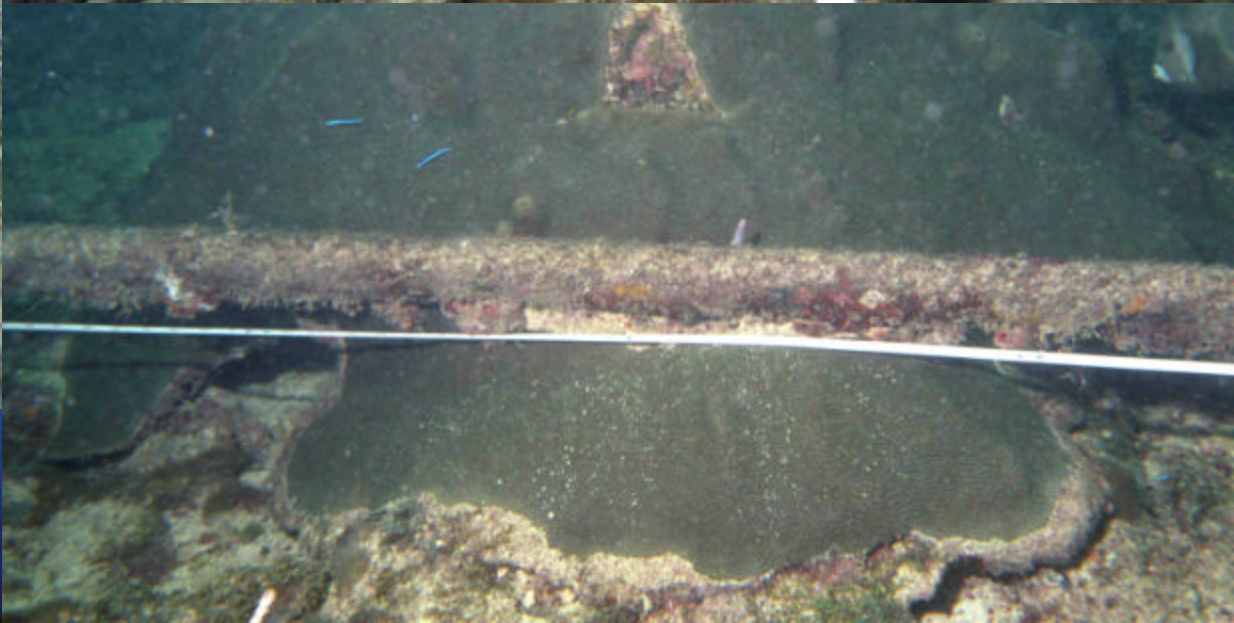
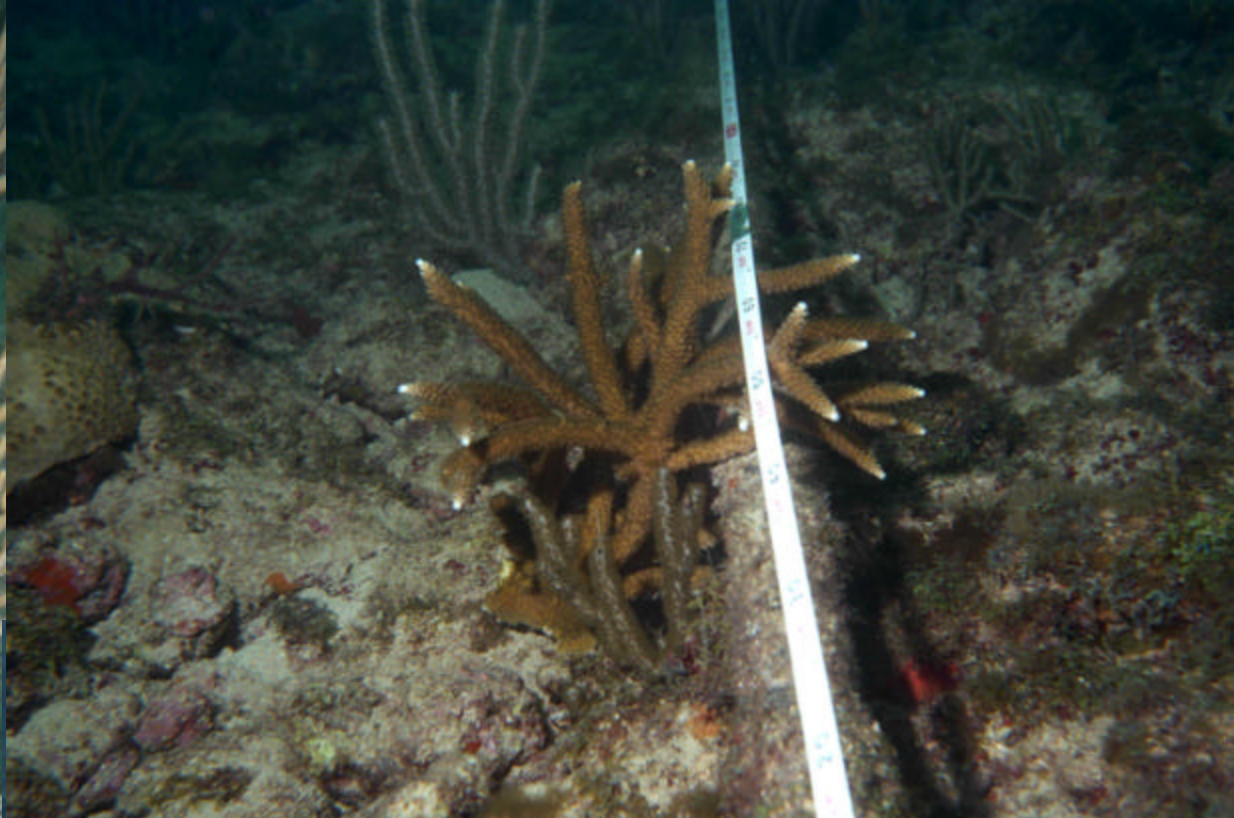
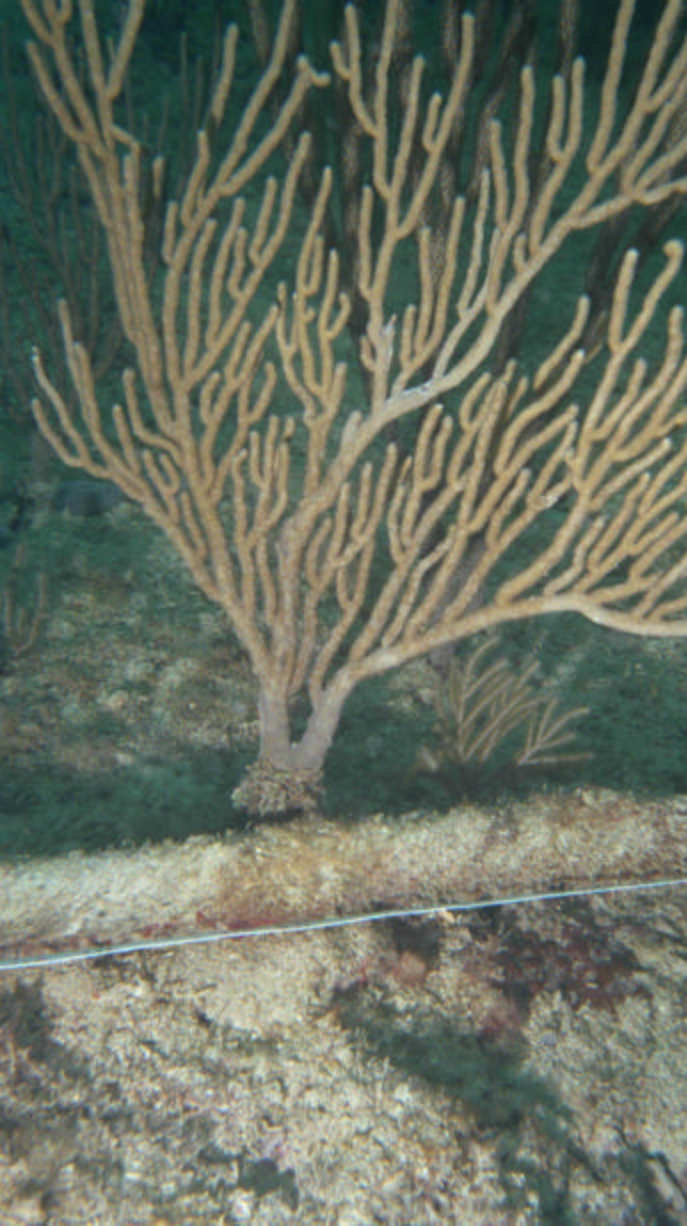




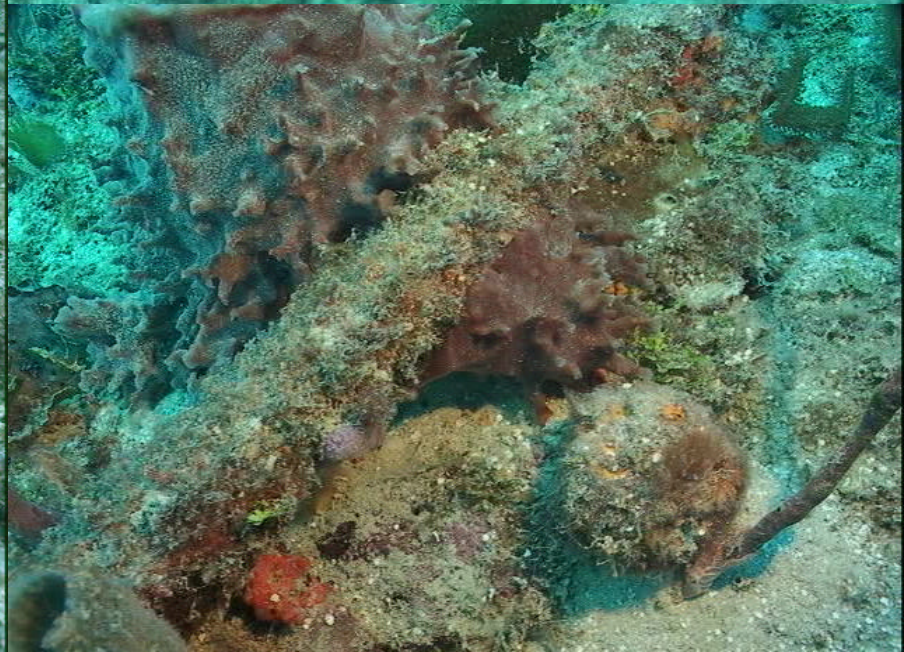
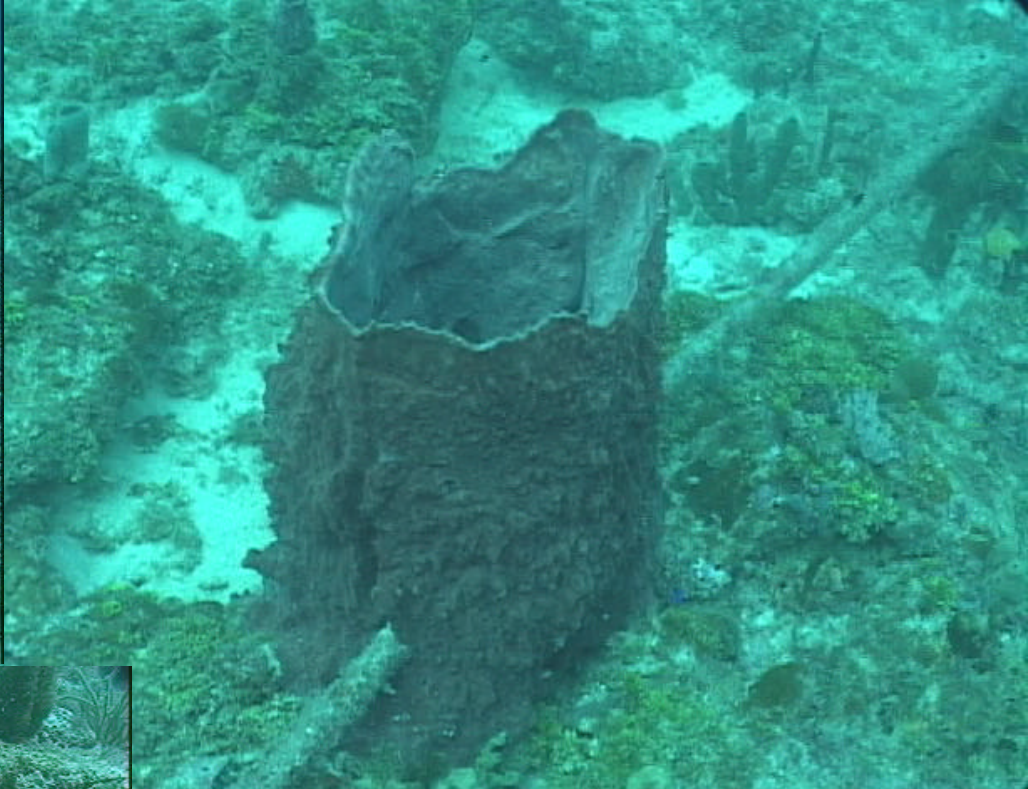
Does the cable move?



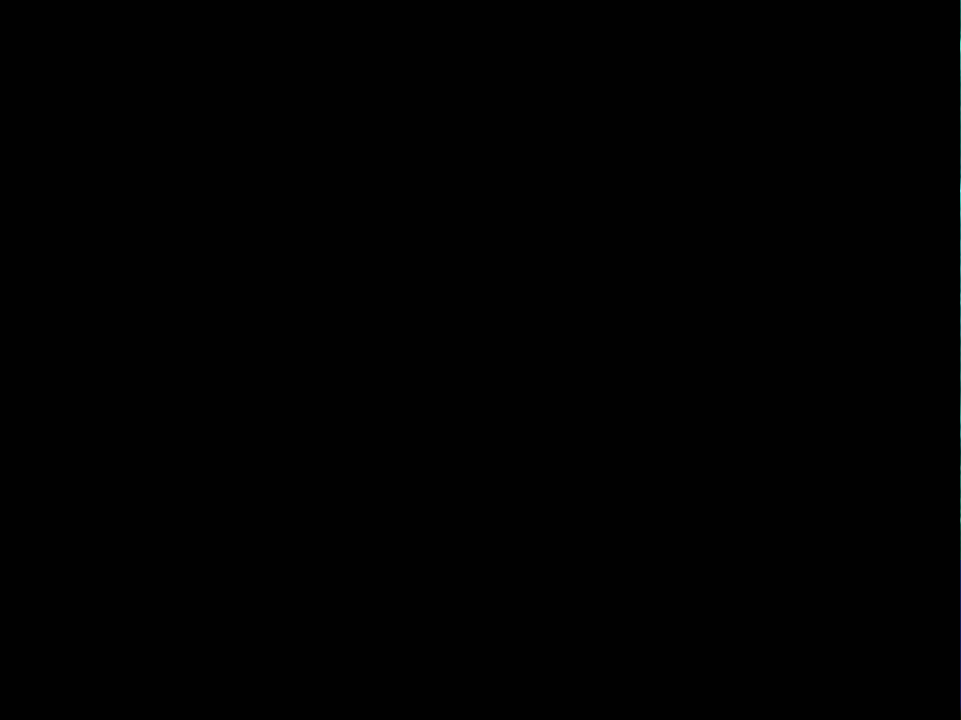






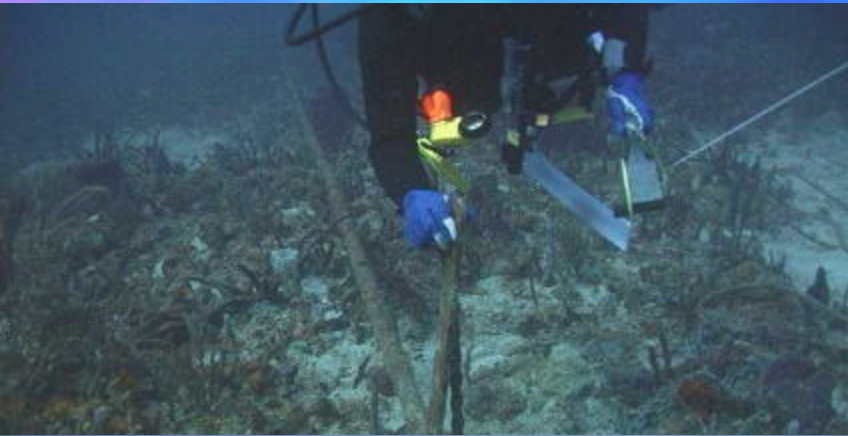








# Post Lay Impacts



# Summary-Potential Impacts

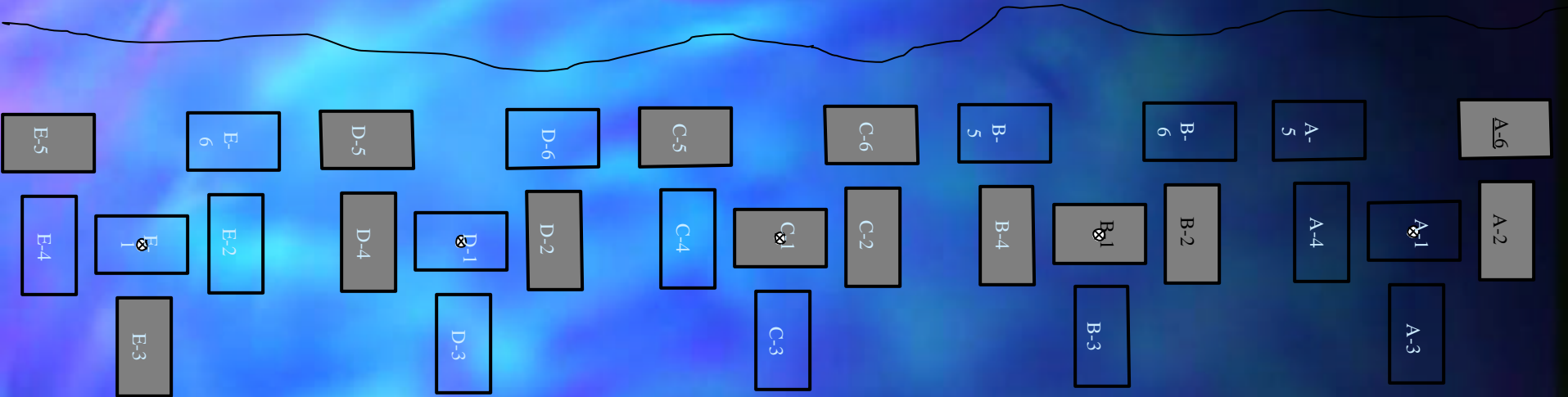
- HDD- frac-outs may smother corals and cause sedimentation.
- Cable Lay- hurried and careless installation may cause direct impacts.
- Post Lay- anchor fouling, cable movement, and cable repairs.



# Mitigation- modules



# Hard Bottom



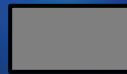
## LEGEND



Numbering  
Sequence



Non - Monitored  
Module

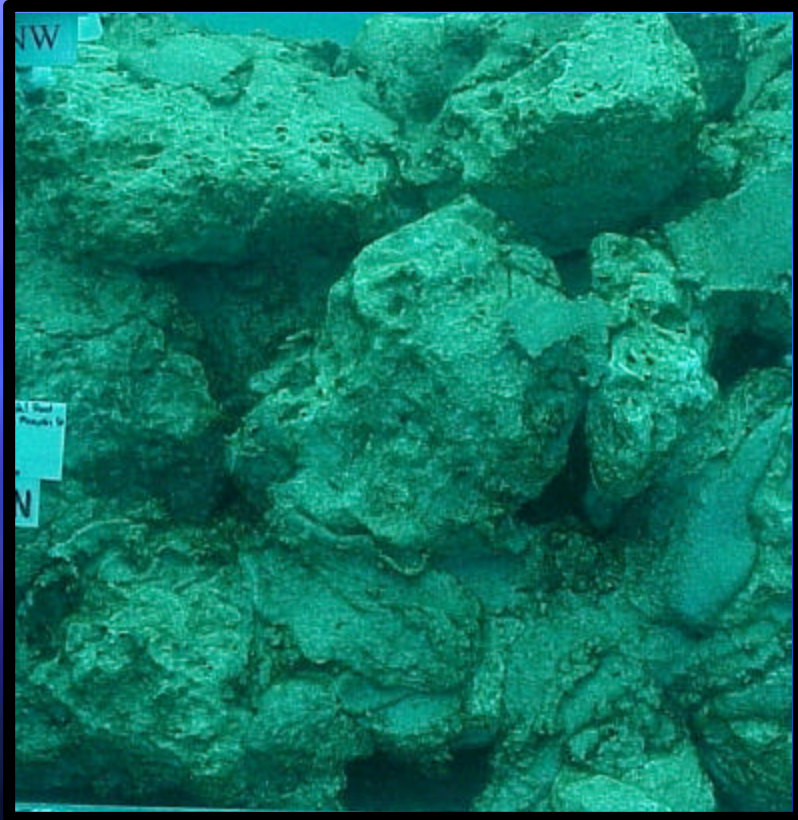


Monitored  
Module



# Artificial Reef Modules

Deployment

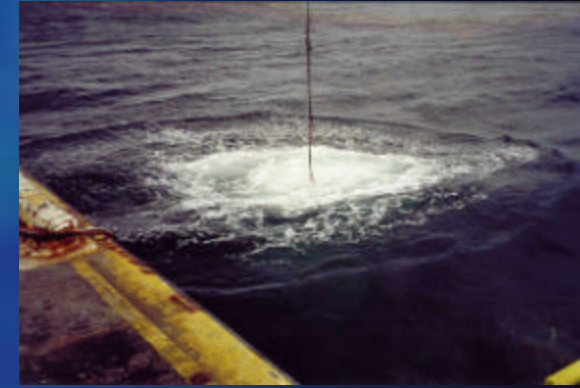


Year Three



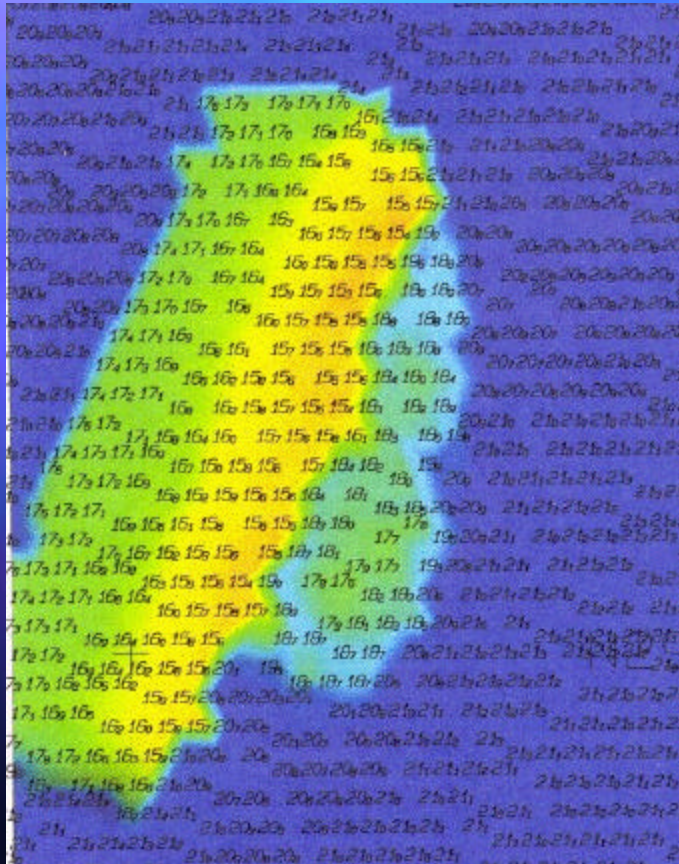


# Mitigation- limestone boulders

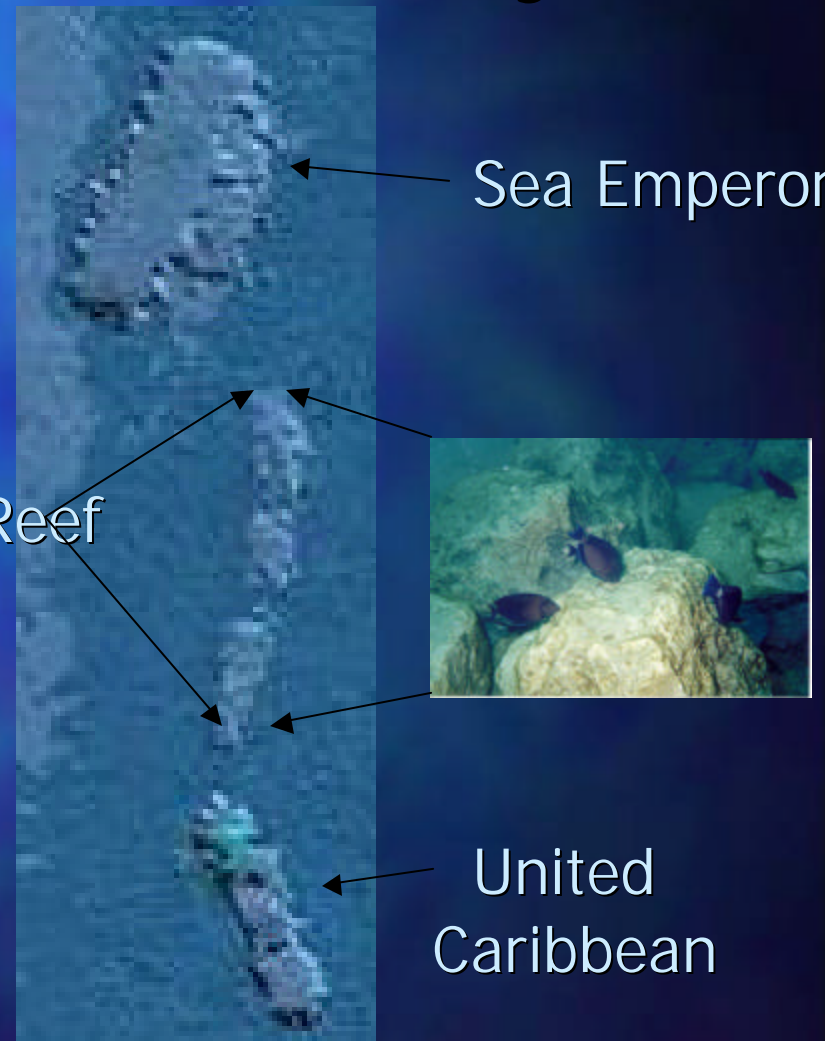




# High Resolution Wreck Survey



Sea Emperor Barge

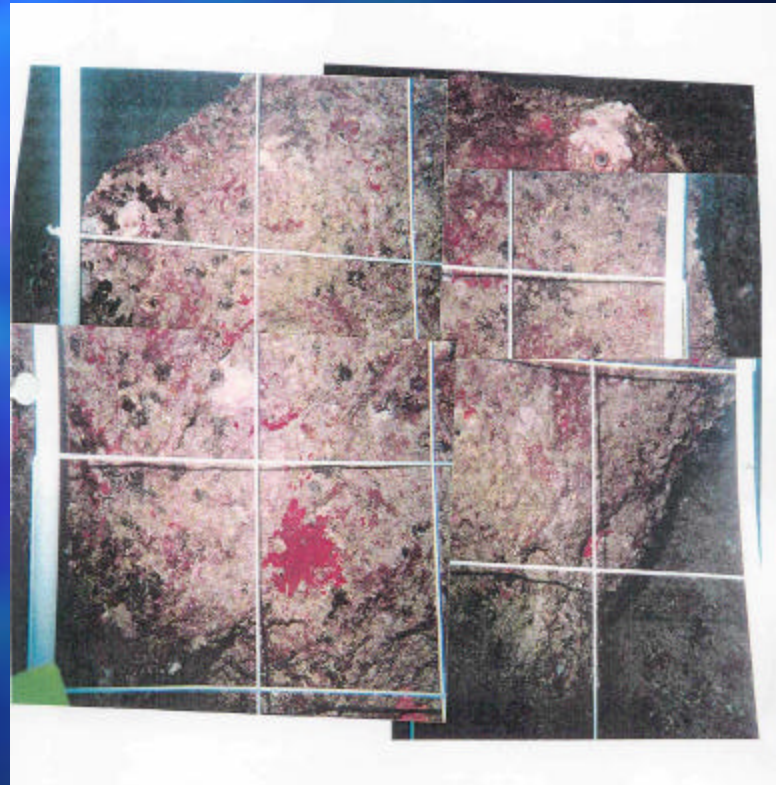
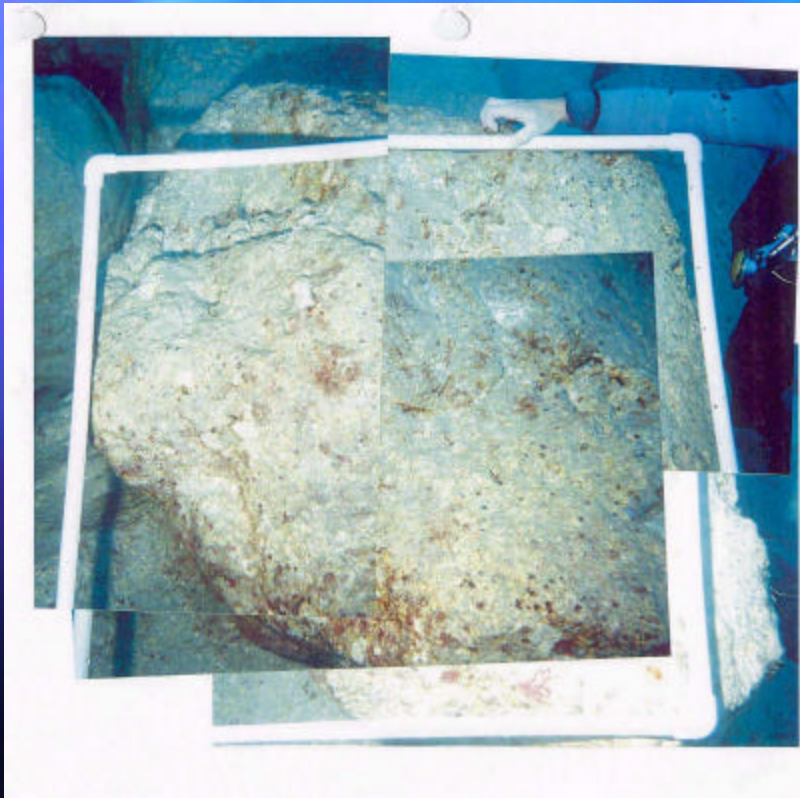


Sea Emperor

Artificial Reef

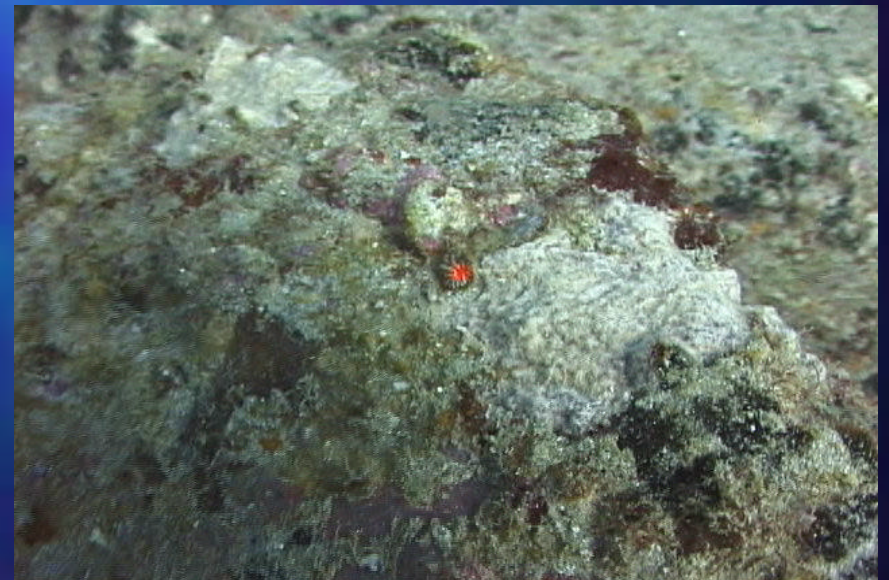
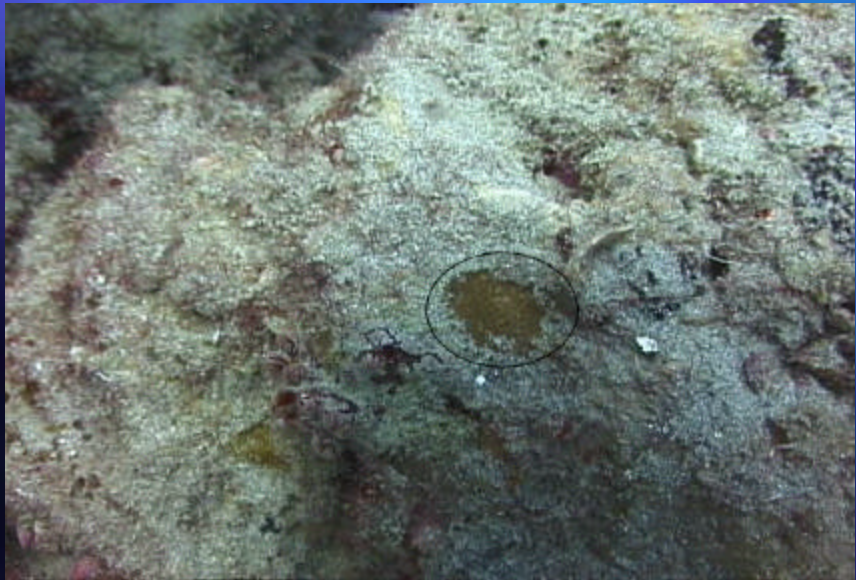
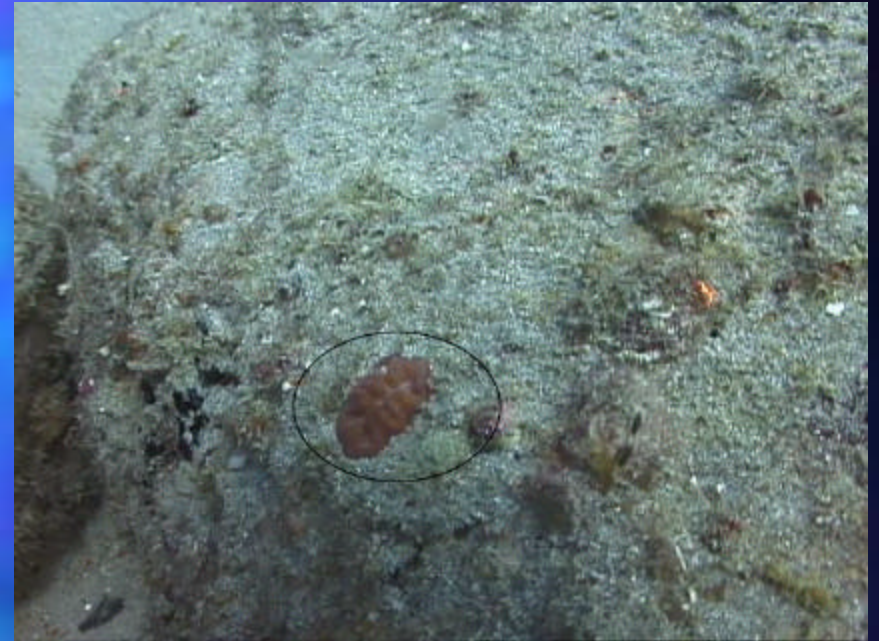
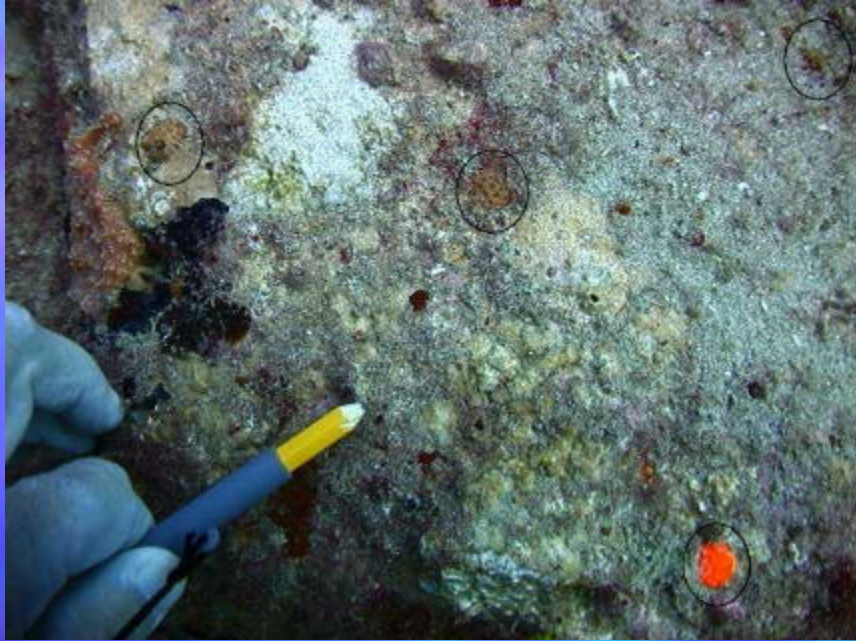
United Caribbean

6 months and 1 year





# Artificial Reef Recruits





# Recruitment Reports

## ■ HARD CORAL SPECIES LOST

*Montastraea cavernosa*

50%

*Montastraea franksi*

*Montastraea annularis*

*Meandrina meandrites*

*Colpophyllia natans*

*Siderastrea siderea*

*Solenastrea bounoni*

*Porites astreoides*

*Acropora cervicornis*

*Madracis decactis*

*Diplora sp.*

\*not a complete list

## ■ HARD CORAL SPECIES RECRUITED

*Agaricia agricites*

*Dichocoenia stoksii*

*Diploria clivosa*

*Diploria labyrinthiformis*

*Phyllangia americana*

*Porites astreoides*

*Siderastrea siderea*

*Stephanocoenia intersepta*



# Recruitment Reports

## Octocorals, Hydrocorals, Sponges, Algae

### ■ SPECIES LOST

*Briareum abestinum*

*Pterogorgia* sp.

*Eunicea* sp.

*Pseudoplexaura* sp.

*Murecea* sp.

*Psudoptergorgia* sp

*Gorgonia ventalina*

*Erythropodium caribaeorum*

*Xestospongia muta*

*Niphates* sp.

*Callyspongia vaginalis*

*Iotrochota birotulata*

*Holopsamma helwigi*

### ■ SPECIES RECRUITED

*Briareum abestinum*

*Carijoa riisei*

*Pterogorgia* sp.

*Millepora alcicornis*

*Holopsamma helwigi*

*Cliona delatrix*

*Niphates* sp.

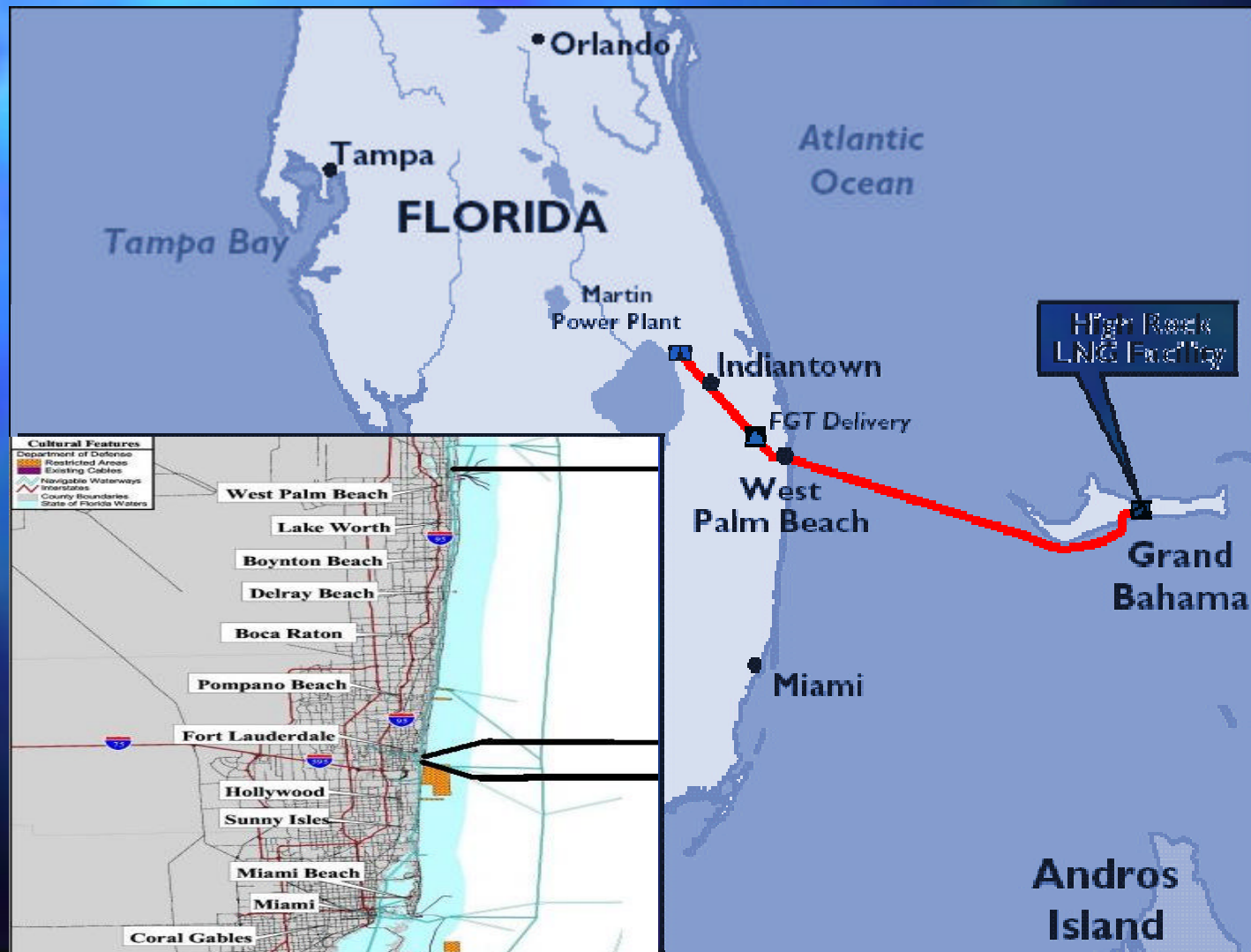
*Neogoniolithon spectabile*

*Dictyota bartayresii*

Mat Algae

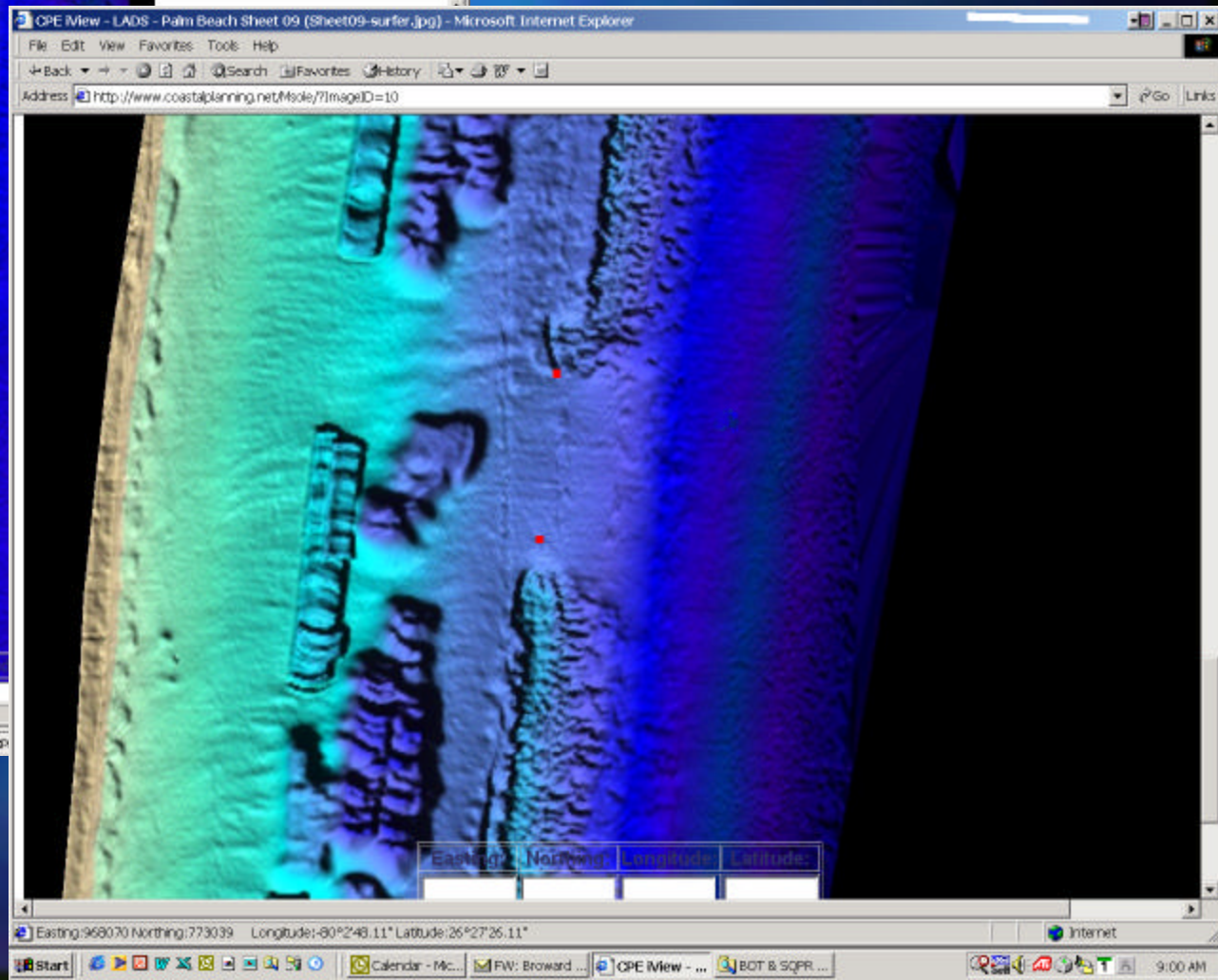
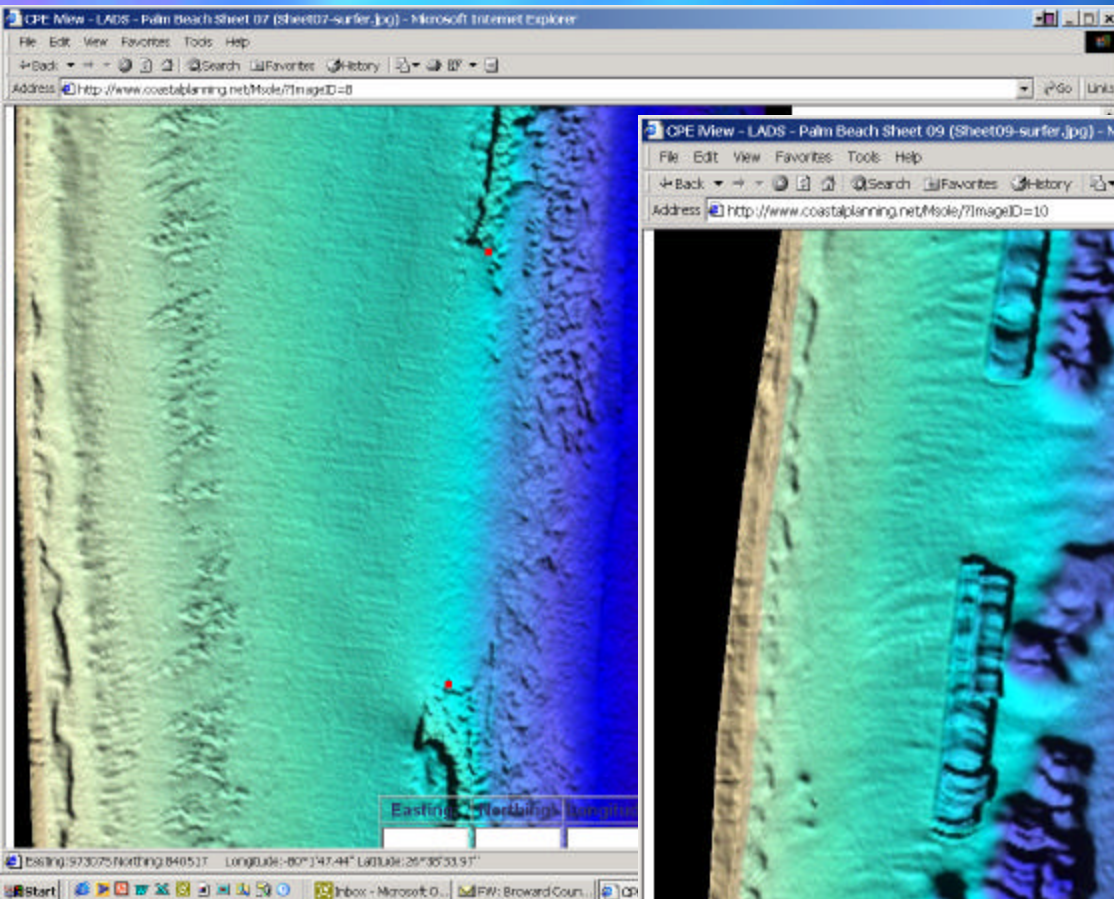
\*not a complete list

# Future Permitting Issues





# New Tools for Impact Minimization





# Acknowledgements

Vonē Research Inc.

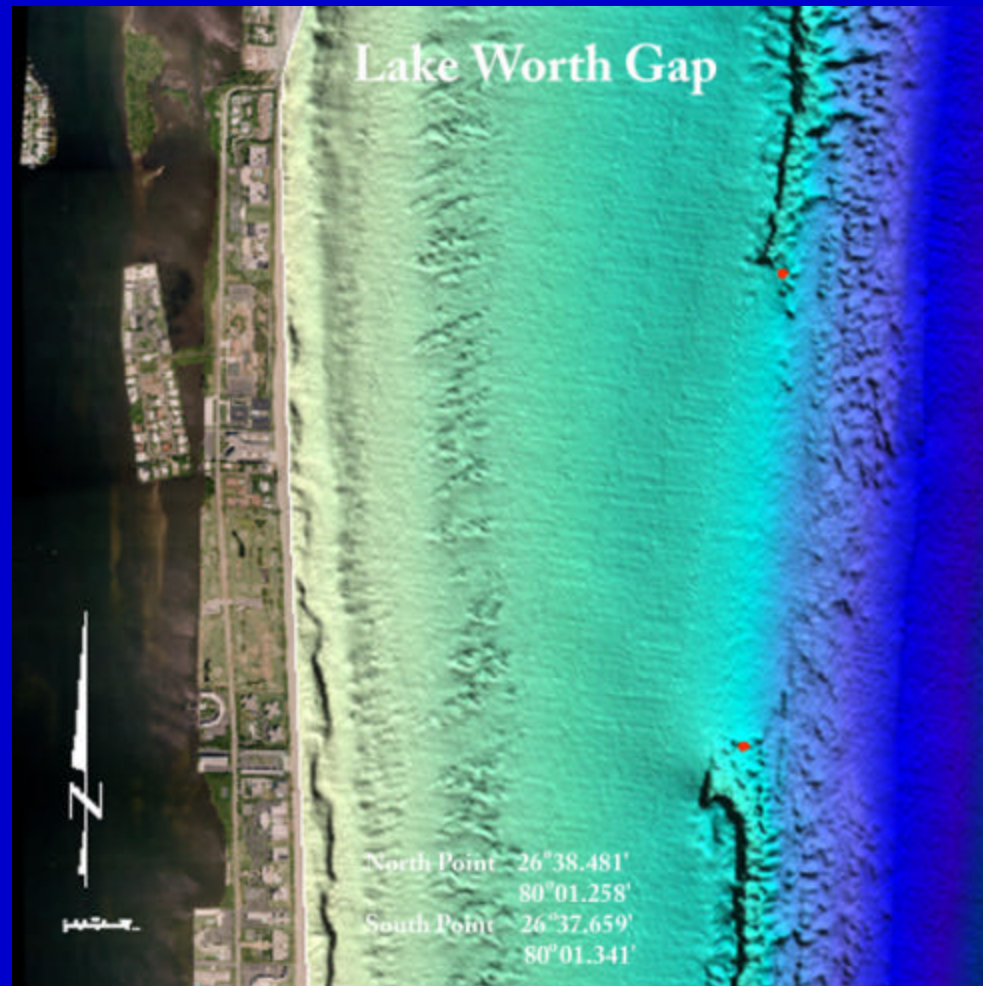
PBSJ



**COASTAL PLANNING & ENGINEERING, INC.**



# SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AREAS



# SPECIAL CONSIDERATION AREAS

